The Lublin Castle



The Lublin Castle is a medieval castle in Lublin, adjacent to the Old Town district and close to the city center. It is one of the oldest preserved Royal residencies in Poland.



World War II and occupation is the period of the Nazi prison, in which over 40,000 people, mainly members of the resistance movement, were held. A large part of the prisoners died in executions and death camps.

After liquidation of the prison in 1954 and renovation works, the castle was intended for cultural purposes. From 1957 it is the headquarters of the Lublin Museum founded in 1906.

Litewski Square



Litewski Square was situated in the area of a former suburb, referred to as Krakowskie Przedmieście, located in the foreground of the municipal gate that led to the old Cracow route. The area of today's square occupied the space between city's main trade route and the old road running along the property of the church.



At the site of today's square in front of Sezam department store stood the luxury Victoria hotel, destroyed during military operations in July 1944.

Carnival of Circus Artists



Carnival of Circus Artists is a time of thrilling shows fusing theatre and new circus. Buskers and circus arts masters from all over the city come to Lublin to present breathtaking shows and plays. It is the most performatively diverse festival in the country It is a unique and inspiring bazaar of arts. Only at Carnaval in Lublin can you see the best of contemporary circus arts, clowning, acrobatics and busking from all over the world. Moreover, Carnaval includes Urban Highline Festival - the oldest and still the largest highline festival in the world. The slackline festival is a fusion of a part of the city's identity, namely the iconic Magician of Lublin with an emergent sports discipline slacklinina.



Majdanek



Konzentrationslager Lublin, KL Majdanek

German Nazi concentration and prisoner-of-war camp in Lublin, functioning in the years 1941-1944.

The proper name of the camp was KL Lublin and the camp was officially called from 1943. It comes from the Lublin district (Majdan Tatarski) and was founded among the inhabitants of GG. However, the names of "Majdanek" were used also in official documents by the Germans themselves.



Centre for the Meeting of Cultures



CSK is a place where many culture events take a place.

Here, you can watch some plays like for example "Don Kichot" or "Swan Lake". There are many art exhibitions and concerts too. If you want to see a skyline of Lublin on the roof of CSK there are two terraces with very good view.

Like the name of place says it is area when different cultures meet!



